



1. (a) WY

$$(b) q, t$$

2. Luas segi empat sama $FGHJ$

Area of square FGHJ

$$= \text{Luas segi empat sama } ABCJ + \text{Luas segi empat sama } CDEF$$

Area of square ABCJ Area of square CDEF

Teorem Pythagoras / Pythagoras Theorem:

$$JF^2 = CJ^2 + CF^2$$

3. (a) $PQ^2 = PS^2 + QS^2$

$$(b) e^2 = f^2 + g^2$$

4. (a) $x^2 = 6^2 + 8^2$

$$= 36 + 64$$

$$= 100$$

$$x = \sqrt{100}$$

$$= 10$$

(b) $17^2 = x^2 + 8^2$

$$x^2 = 17^2 - 8^2$$

$$= 289 - 64$$

$$= 225$$

$$x = \sqrt{225}$$

$$= 15$$

5. (a) $26^2 = AB^2 + 24^2$

$$AB^2 = 26^2 - 24^2$$

$$AB = \sqrt{100}$$

$$= 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$10^2 = 7^2 + x^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{51}$$

$$= 7.14$$

(b) $30^2 = HG^2 + 24^2$

$$HG^2 = 30^2 - 24^2$$

$$HG = \sqrt{324}$$

$$= 18 \text{ cm}$$

$$x^2 = 24^2 + 36^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{1872}$$

$$= 43.27$$

6. Aktiviti PAK-21

7. (a) Tinggi bahagian atas tiang dari tanah

The height of top of the pole from the ground

$$= \sqrt{5^2 - 1.4^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{23.04}$$

$$= 4.8 \text{ cm}$$

Tinggi tiang / *The height of the pole*

$$= 4.8 \text{ m} - 0.13 \text{ m}$$

$$= 4.67 \text{ m}$$

(b) Jarak melintas padang

Distance of passing through the field

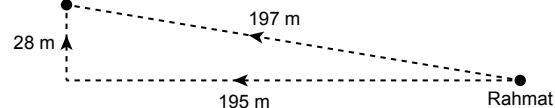
$$= \sqrt{195^2 + 28^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{38\,809}$$

$$= 197 \text{ m}$$

Rumah Ah Chong

Ah Chong's house



Jarak melalui jalan raya / *Distance via the road*

$$= 195 + 28$$

$$= 223 \text{ m}$$

Beza jarak / *Difference in distance*

$$= 223 - 197$$

$$= 26 \text{ m}$$

Maka, berjalan melintas padang lebih cepat berbanding melalui jalan raya dengan beza jarak 26 m.

Hence, walking passing through the field is faster than via the road with the difference of 26 m.

(c) $15^2 = PT^2 + 9^2$

$$PT^2 = 15^2 - 9^2$$

$$PT = \sqrt{144}$$

$$= 12 \text{ m}$$

$$QS = PT = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$SR = 30 - 9 - 16$$

$$= 5 \text{ m}$$

$$QR^2 = 12^2 + 5^2$$

$$QR = \sqrt{169}$$

$$= 13 \text{ m}$$

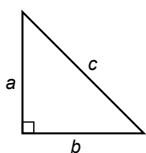
Panjang pagar yang diperlukan

Length of the fence needed

$$= 15 + 16 + 13 + 30$$

$$= 74 \text{ m}$$

8.

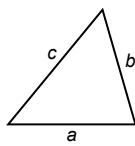


Segi tiga
Triangle

Faktor penghubung
Relating factor

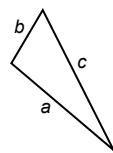
Segi tiga bersudut tegak
Right-angled triangle

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$



Segi tiga bersudut tirus
Acute-angled triangle

$$a^2 + b^2 > c^2$$



Segi tiga bersudut cakah
Obtuse-angled triangle

$$a^2 + b^2 < c^2$$

9. Sisi terpanjang = AC

The longest side = AC

$$= AC^2$$

$$= 17^2$$

$$= 289$$

$$AB^2 + BC^2 = 8^2 + 15^2$$

$$= 289$$

$$AC^2 = AB^2 + BC^2$$

$$17^2 = 8^2 + 15^2$$

Jawapan / Answer: **D**

10. (a) Sisi terpanjang, $c = 7 \text{ cm}$

The longest side, $c = 7 \text{ cm}$

$$c^2 = 7^2 = 49$$

$$a = 3, b = 4$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = 3^2 + 4^2 = 25$$

$$3^2 + 4^2 \neq 7^2$$

PQR bukan segi tiga bersudut tegak.
PQR is not a right-angled triangle.

- (b) Sisi terpanjang, $c = 3.5 \text{ cm}$

The longest side, $c = 3.5 \text{ cm}$

$$c^2 = 3.5^2 = 12.25$$

$$a = 2.8, b = 2.1$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = 2.8^2 + 2.1^2 = 12.25$$

$$2.8^2 + 2.1^2 = 3.5^2$$

KLM adalah segi tiga bersudut tegak.
KLM is a right-angled triangle.

- (c) Sisi terpanjang, $c = 10 \text{ cm}$

The longest side, $c = 10 \text{ cm}$

$$c^2 = 10^2 = 100$$

$$a = 8, b = 6$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = 8^2 + 6^2 = 100$$

$$8^2 + 6^2 = 10^2$$

TUV adalah segi tiga bersudut tegak.
TUV is a right-angled triangle.

11. (a) Sisi terpanjang

The longest side

$$= EC$$

$$EC^2 = 12^2 + 16^2 = 400$$

$$AE = 16 - 12 = 4 \text{ cm}$$

$$AF = 16 \div 2 = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$EF^2 = 4^2 + 8^2 = 80$$

$$FC^2 = 8^2 + 16^2 = 320$$

$$EF^2 + FC^2 = 80 + 320$$

$$= 400$$

$$EC^2 = EF^2 + FC^2$$

Maka, CEF ialah segi tiga bersudut tegak.
Hence, CEF is a right-angled triangle.

- (b) Sisi terpanjang / The longest side = 206 cm

$$206^2 = 42\ 436$$

$$187^2 + 84^2 = 42\ 025$$

$$187^2 + 84^2 \neq 206^2$$

Maka, bingkai tingkap itu bukan berbentuk segi empat tepat.

Hence, the window frame is not in rectangular shape.

- (c) Sisi terpanjang / The longest side

$$= JK^2 = 1.3^2 = 1.69$$

$$LK = 1 \div 2$$

$$= 0.5 \text{ m}$$

$$JL^2 + LK^2 = 1.2^2 + 0.5^2 = 1.69$$

$$JK^2 = JL^2 + LK^2$$

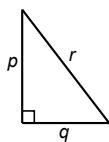
Maka, khemah itu didirikan tegak di atas tanah.

Hence, the tent is erected in an upright position on the ground.

Praktis Masteri 13

BAHAGIAN »» A

1.



r ialah hipotenusa
 r is the hypotenuse
 $\therefore r^2 = p^2 + q^2$

Jawapan / Answer: C

$$2. \quad QS^2 = 4^2 + 3^2$$

$$= 16 + 9 \\ = 25$$

$$QS = \sqrt{25} \\ = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$PQ^2 = 12^2 + 5^2 \\ = 144 + 25 \\ = 169$$

$$PQ = \sqrt{169} \\ = 13 \text{ cm}$$

Jawapan / Answer: D

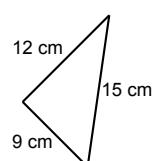
3. Panjang sisi / Length of side

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{8}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{6}{2}\right)^2} \\ = \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2} \\ = \sqrt{16 + 9} \\ = \sqrt{25} \\ = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = 5 \text{ cm} \times 4 \\ = 20 \text{ cm}$$

Jawapan / Answer: C

4.



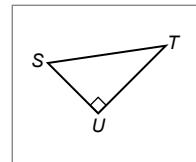
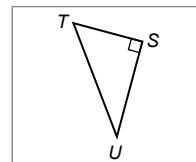
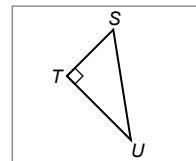
$$12^2 + 9^2 \\ = 144 + 81 \\ = 225 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\sqrt{225} \\ = 15 \text{ cm}$$

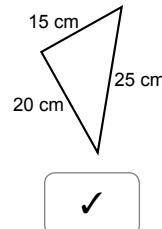
Jawapan / Answer: C

BAHAGIAN »» B

5. (a)



(b)



BAHAGIAN »» C

$$6. \quad (a) \quad \text{Panjang sisi } AB / \text{Length of side } AB = \sqrt{225} \\ = 15 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Panjang sisi } BC / \text{Length of side } BC = \sqrt{64} \\ = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Panjang sisi } AC / \text{Length of side } AC = \sqrt{8^2 + 15^2} \\ = 17 \text{ cm}$$

Panjang sisi dengan luas 100 cm^2
Length of side with an area of 100 cm^2

$$= \sqrt{100} \\ = 10 \text{ cm}$$

Panjang sisi segi empat sama yang mempunyai luas $x \text{ cm}^2$
Length of side of the square with area of $x \text{ cm}^2$

$$= 17 - 10 \\ = 7 \text{ cm}$$

(b) $QR^2 = (2\sqrt{13})^2 - 4^2$

$$QR = \sqrt{36}$$

$$= 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{PQ}{QR} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$PQ = \frac{1}{2} \times 6$$

$$= 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$PR = 3 + 6$$

$$= 9 \text{ cm}$$

(c) (i) $10^2 + 24^2 = 676$
 $= 26^2$

Tidak. Farhana perlu memotong dawai 2 cm daripada dawai 28 cm.

No. Farhana has to cut 2 cm from the 28 cm wire.

[Terima mana-mana jawapan yang munasabah]

[Accept any reasonable answer]

(ii) $10^2 + 11^2 = 221$

$$12^2 = 144$$

$$144 < 221$$

$$12^2 < 10^2 + 11^2$$

Sudut yang bertentangan dengan sisi 12 cm ialah sudut tirus. Maka, segi tiga itu ialah segi tiga bersudut tirus.

The angle opposite to side 12 cm is an acute angle.
Thus, the triangle is an acute-angled triangle.

7. (a) $169 = 25 + 144$
 $13^2 = 5^2 + 12^2$

Maka, tiga segi empat sama yang dapat disusun dengan tepat ialah P , Q dan S .
Thus, three squares that can be arranged exactly are P , Q and S .

(b) $13^2 = 5^2 + AC^2$

$$AC^2 = 13^2 - 5^2$$

$$= 144$$

$$AC = \sqrt{144}$$

$$= 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$AD = 12 + 5$$

$$= 17 \text{ cm}$$

$$17^2 = ED^2 + 10^2$$

$$ED^2 = 17^2 - 10^2$$

$$= 189$$

$$ED = \sqrt{189}$$

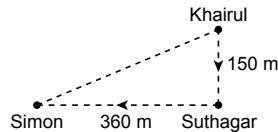
$$= 13.75 \text{ cm}$$

(c) (i) $p^2 = 5^2 + 6^2$

$$p = \sqrt{61}$$

$$= 7.81 \text{ cm}$$

(ii)



Jarak terdekat / Shortest distance

$$= \sqrt{150^2 + 360^2}$$

$$= 390 \text{ m}$$

$$= 0.39 \text{ km}$$

Fokus KBAT

(a) Pepenjuru tanah $PQRS$

Diagonal of land $PQRS$

$$= \sqrt{5^2 + 10.2^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{129.04}$$

$$= 11.36 \text{ m}$$

Pepenjuru tanah $JKLM$

Diagonal of land $JKLM$

$$= \sqrt{8.1^2 + 6.2^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{104.05}$$

$$= 10.2 \text{ m}$$

Pepenjuru tanah $PQRS$ lebih panjang daripada pepenjuru tanah $JKLM$. Maka, Amni patut memilih tanah $PQRS$ untuk dijadikan kebun sayur-sayurannya.

The diagonal of land $PQRS$ is longer than the diagonal of land $JKLM$. Hence, Amni should choose land $PQRS$ for his vegetable farm.

(b) Panjang pagar yang diperlukan

The length of fence required

$$= 2(5) + 2(10.2) + 11.36$$

$$= 10 + 20.4 + 11.36$$

$$= 41.76 \text{ m}$$