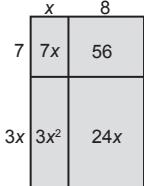


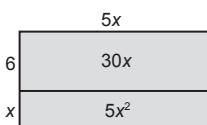


1. (a)



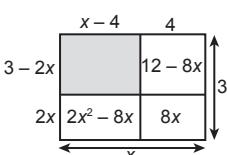
$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (7 + 3x)(x + 8) \\
 &= 7x + 56 + 3x^2 + 24x \\
 &= 3x^2 + 31x + 56
 \end{aligned}$$

(b)



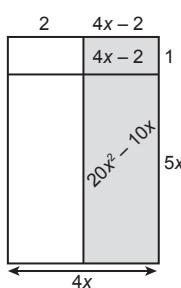
$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (6 + x)(5x) \\
 &= 30x + 5x^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(c)



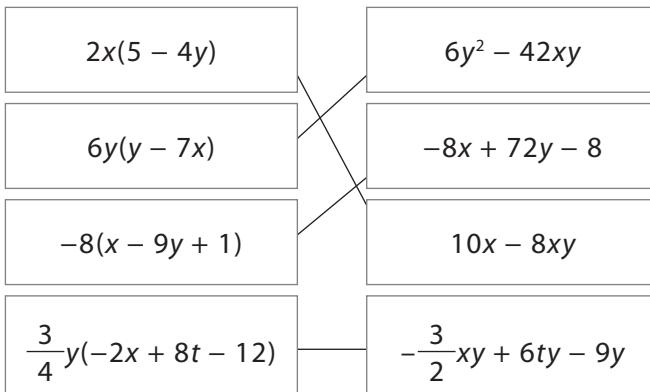
$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (3 - 2x)(x - 4) \\
 &= 3x - (2x^2 - 8x) - (12 - 8x) - 8x \\
 &= 3x - 2x^2 + 8x - 12 + 8x - 8x \\
 &= -2x^2 + 11x - 12
 \end{aligned}$$

(d)



$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (1 + 5x)(4x - 2) \\
 &= 4x - 2 + 20x^2 - 10x \\
 &= 20x^2 - 6x - 2
 \end{aligned}$$

2.



3. (a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(x - y)(8 - y) \\
 &= x(8) + x(-y) + (-y)(8) + (-y)(-y) \\
 &= 8x - xy - 8y + y^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(m - 3n)(m + n) \\
 &= m(m) + m(n) + (-3n)(m) + (-3n)(n) \\
 &= m^2 + mn - 3mn - 3n^2 \\
 &= m^2 - 2mn - 3n^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(4 - 3d)(6e - 7) \\
 &= 4(6e) + 4(-7) + (-3d)(6e) + (-3d)(-7) \\
 &= 24e - 28 - 18de + 21d
 \end{aligned}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(5 + 6x)(2 + x) \\
 &= 5(2) + 5(x) + 6x(2) + 6x(x) \\
 &= 10 + 5x + 12x + 6x^2 \\
 &= 10 + 17x + 6x^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(5r - 2)(8r - 1) \\
 &= 5r(8r) + 5r(-1) + (-2)(8r) + (-2)(-1) \\
 &= 40r^2 - 5r - 16r + 2 \\
 &= 40r^2 - 21r + 2
 \end{aligned}$$

(f)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(-3t + 2u)(t - 4u) \\
 &= -3t(t) + (-3t)(-4u) + 2u(t) + 2u(-4u) \\
 &= -3t^2 + 12tu + 2tu - 8u^2 \\
 &= -3t^2 + 14tu - 8u^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(g)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(-4j - k)(5j - 2k) \\
 &= -4j(5j) + (-4j)(-2k) + (-k)(5j) + (-k)(-2k) \\
 &= -20j^2 + 8jk - 5jk + 2k^2 \\
 &= -20j^2 + 3jk + 2k^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(h)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(-2r - 3s)(-9r - 5s) \\
 &= -2r(-9r) + (-2r)(-5s) + (-3s)(-9r) + \\
 &\quad (-3s)(-5s) \\
 &= 18r^2 + 10rs + 27rs + 15s^2 \\
 &= 18r^2 + 37rs + 15s^2
 \end{aligned}$$

4. (a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(k + 6)^2 \\
 &= k^2 + 2(k)(6) + 6^2 \\
 &= k^2 + 12k + 36
 \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(5p + 2q)^2 \\
 &= (5p)^2 + 2(5p)(2q) + (2q)^2 \\
 &= 25p^2 + 20pq + 4q^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(3 - 4n)^2 \\
 &= 3^2 - 2(3)(4n) + (4n)^2 \\
 &= 9 - 24n + 16n^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(7r - 3)^2 \\
 &= (7r)^2 - 2(7r)(3) + 3^2 \\
 &= 49r^2 - 42r + 9
 \end{aligned}$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(2a + 9)(2a - 9) \\
 &= (2a)^2 - 9^2 \\
 &= 4a^2 - 81
 \end{aligned}$$

(f)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(5p - 3r)(5p + 3r) \\
 &= (5p)^2 - (3r)^2 \\
 &= 25p^2 - 9r^2
 \end{aligned}$$

5. (a) $(a+b)(a-b) - a(a-2b)$

$$= a^2 - b^2 - a^2 + 2ab \\ = -b^2 + 2ab$$

(b) $(3r+s)^2 + s(r+3s)$

$$= 9r^2 + 6rs + s^2 + rs + 3s^2 \\ = 9r^2 + 7rs + 4s^2$$

(c) $a+b+8(a+b)$

$$= a + b + 8a + 8b \\ = 9a + 9b$$

(d) $(5-4n)^2 + 2(1-n)$

$$= 25 - 40n + 16n^2 + 2 - 2n \\ = 27 - 42n + 16n^2$$

(e) $(g+3h)^2 + (3g+4h)(4g-3h)$

$$= g^2 + 6gh + 9h^2 + 12g^2 - 9gh + 16gh - 12h^2 \\ = 13g^2 + 13gh - 3h^2$$

(f) $(3p-2)^2 - p(5p-1)$

$$= 9p^2 - 12p + 4 - 5p^2 + p \\ = 4p^2 - 11p + 4$$

(g) $-x(x+3y) - (x+y)^2$

$$= -x^2 - 3xy - (x^2 + 2xy + y^2) \\ = -x^2 - 3xy - x^2 - 2xy - y^2 \\ = -2x^2 - 5xy - y^2$$

(h) $\frac{10k(7p+k)}{5} - p(p-2k)$

$$= 2k(7p+k) - p(p-2k) \\ = 14kp + 2k^2 - p^2 + 2kp \\ = 16kp + 2k^2 - p^2$$

6. (a) Baki/ Balance

$$= 5pq - p(q+1) - q(p+2) \\ = 5pq - pq - p - pq - 2q \\ = 3pq - p - 2q$$

Baki yang diterima/ Balance received

$$= \text{RM}(3pq - p - 2q)$$

(b) Luas / Area (m^2)

$$= (6y+2)(y) \\ = 6y^2 + 2y$$

(c) Luas kawasan berlorek

Area of shaded region

$$= \text{Luas } ABCD - \text{Luas } EFCG \\ = \text{Area of } ABCD - \text{Area of } EFCG \\ = (9x+4)(5y+1) - (3x)(2y) \\ = 45xy + 9x + 20y + 4 - 6xy \\ = (39xy + 9x + 20y + 4) \text{ cm}^2$$

(d) Luas rangka kayu yang digunakan

Area of the wooden frame used

= 2 × Luas trapezium / Area of trapezium

$$= 2 \times \left[\frac{1}{2} \times (5x+8) \times (x+2) \right] \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Hukum Kalis Sekutuan} \\ \text{Associative Law} \end{array}$$

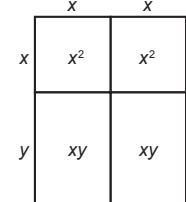
$$= 5x^2 + 10x + 8x + 16 \\ = (5x^2 + 18x + 16) \text{ cm}^2$$

(e) (i) Hasil tambah luas jubin

Sum of the area of tiles

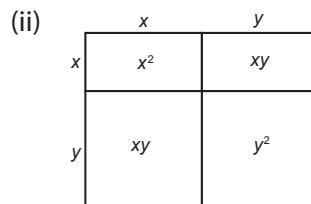
$$= x^2 + x^2 + xy + xy \\ = 2x^2 + 2xy$$

$$(x+y)^2 = (x+y) \times (x+y) \\ = x^2 + xy + xy + y^2 \\ = x^2 + 2xy + y^2$$



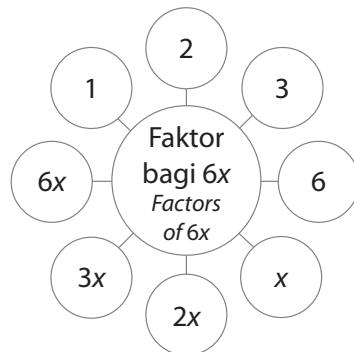
$(x+y)^2 \neq 2x^2 + 2xy$. Maka, jubin algebra yang dibuat adalah salah.

$(x+y)^2 \neq 2x^2 + 2xy$. Thus, the algebraic tiles made is incorrect.

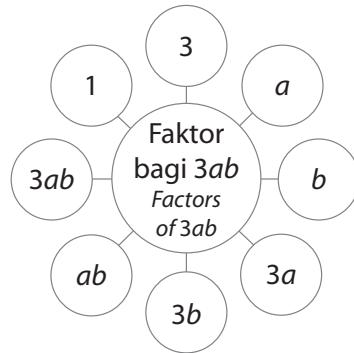


$$(x+y)^2 = x^2 + xy + xy + y^2 \\ = x^2 + 2xy + y^2$$

7. (a)



(b)



8. (a) $8y = 1 \times 8y$

$$2 \times 4y$$

$$4 \times 2y$$

$$8 \times y$$

$$8y^2 = 1 \times 8y^2$$

$$2 \times 4y^2$$

$$4 \times 2y^2$$

$$8 \times y^2$$

$$y \times 8y$$

$$2y \times 4y$$

Faktor sepunya/ Common factors:

1, 2, 4, 8, y, 2y, 4y dan/ and 8y

(b) $15ef = 1 \times 3 \times 5 \times e \times f$

$$9df = 1 \times 3 \times 3 \times d \times f$$

$$30f^2 = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times f \times f$$

Faktor sepunya/ Common factors:

1, 3 dan/ and f

9. (a) $14p, 28pq$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} 14 & 14p, & 28pq \\ \hline p & p, & 2pq \\ \uparrow & 1, & 2q \end{array}$$

$$\text{FSTB/HCF} = 14p$$

(b) $5k^2lm, 25kl^2m$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} 5 & 5k^2lm, & 25kl^2m \\ \hline k & k^2lm, & 5kl^2m \\ l & klm, & 5l^2m \\ m & km, & 5lm \\ \uparrow & k, & 5l \end{array}$$

$$\text{FSTB/HCF} = 5klm$$

10. (a) $14m + 21m^2$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} 7 & 14m + 21m^2 \\ \hline m & 2m + 3m^2 \\ \uparrow & 2 & +3m \end{array}$$

$$\text{FSTB/HCF} = 7m$$

Maka / Thus, $7m(2 + 3m)$

(b) $16y^2 - 64y$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} 16 & 16y^2 - 64y \\ \hline y & y^2 - 4y \\ \uparrow & y - 4 \end{array}$$

$$\text{FSTB/HCF} = 16y$$

Maka / Thus, $16y(y - 4)$

(c) $15p^2q - 21pq^2$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} 3 & 15p^2q - 21pq^2 \\ \hline p & 5p^2q - 7pq^2 \\ q & 5pq - 7q^2 \\ \uparrow & 5p & -7q \end{array}$$

$$\text{FSTB/HCF} = 3pq$$

Maka / Thus, $3pq(5p - 7q)$

(d) $81x^2 - 100$

$$= (9x)^2 - 10^2$$

$$= (9x + 10)(9x - 10)$$

(e) $25a^2 - 36$

$$= (5a)^2 - 6^2$$

$$= (5a + 6)(5a - 6)$$

(f) $169u^2 - 225$

$$= (13u)^2 - 15^2$$

$$= (13u + 15)(13u - 15)$$

(g) $16z^2 - 100$

$$= 4(4z^2 - 25)$$

$$= 4[(2z)^2 - 5^2]$$

$$= 4(2z + 5)(2z - 5)$$

(h) $27m^2 - 75$

$$= 3(9m^2 - 25)$$

$$= 3[(3m)^2 - 5^2]$$

$$= 3(3m + 5)(3m - 5)$$

(i) $243g^3 - 48g$

$$= 3g(81g^2 - 16)$$

$$= 3g[(9g)^2 - 4^2]$$

$$= 3g(9g + 4)(9g - 4)$$

11. (a) $p^2 - 4p - 12$

$$= (p + 2)(p - 6)$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} (x) & p & +2 \\ & p & -6 \\ \hline & p^2 & -12 \\ & & -4p \end{array} (+)$$

(b) $6m^2 - m - 2$

$$= (3m - 2)(2m + 1)$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} (x) & 3m & -2 \\ & 2m & +1 \\ \hline & 6m^2 & -2 \\ & & -m \end{array} (+)$$

(c) $-6x^2 - 7x + 5$

$$= (-3x - 5)(2x - 1)$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} (x) & -3x & -5 \\ & 2x & -1 \\ \hline & -6x^2 & +5 \\ & & -7x \end{array} (+)$$

(d) $k^2 - 12k + 36$

$$= (k - 6)^2$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} (x) & k & -6 \\ & k & -6 \\ \hline & k^2 & +36 \\ & & -12k \end{array} (-)$$

(e) $8t^2 + 29t - 12$

$$= (8t - 3)(t + 4)$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} (x) & 8t & -3 \\ & t & +4 \\ \hline & 8t^2 & -12 \\ & & +32t \end{array} (+)$$

(f) $ab + ac + bd + cd$

$$= (ab + ac) + (bd + cd)$$

$$= a(b + c) + d(b + c)$$

$$= (b + c)(a + d)$$

(g) $pq - p^2 + 3q - 3p$

$$= (pq - p^2) + (3q - 3p)$$

$$= p(q - p) + 3(q - p)$$

$$= (q - p)(p + 3)$$

(h) $bm - bn + cm - cn$

$$= (bm - bn) + (cm - cn)$$

$$= b(m - n) + c(m - n)$$

$$= (m - n)(b + c)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (i) \quad & wp - hp - wq + hq \\
 &= (wp - hp) - (wq - hq) \\
 &= p(w - h) - q(w - h) \\
 &= (w - h)(p - q)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (j) \quad & 3h^2 + 12h - 2hk - 8k \\
 &= (3h^2 + 12h) - (2hk + 8k) \\
 &= 3h(h + 4) - 2k(h + 4) \\
 &= (h + 4)(3h - 2k)
 \end{aligned}$$

12. (a) $4x^2 - 12x + 9$
 $= (2x - 3)(2x - 3)$
Panjang sisi padang = $(2x - 3)$ m
Side length of field
Perimeter = $4(2x - 3)$
 $= (8x - 12)$ m

$$\begin{aligned}
 (b) \quad n^2 - 1 &= (n + 1)(n - 1) \\
 \text{Beza umur} \quad & \\
 \text{Difference in ages} \quad & \\
 &= n + 1 - (n - 1) \\
 &= n + 1 - n + 1 \\
 &= 2
 \end{aligned}$$

Buah/ Fruit	Bilangan buah/ Number of fruits	Harga sebijik/ Price per (RM)	RM
Oren/ Orange	10	y	10y
Epal/ Apple	8	y - 0.1	8(y - 0.1)
Pear/ Pear	5	y + 0.5	5(y + 0.5)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Jumlah bayaran} &= 10y + 8(y - 0.1) + 5(y + 0.5) \\
 \text{Total payment} \quad &= 10y + 8y - 0.8 + 5y + 2.5 \\
 &= \text{RM}(23y + 1.7)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (d) \quad (i) \quad & 300xy - 150x + 900y - 450 \\
 &= 150(2xy - x + 6y - 3) \\
 &= 150[x(2y - 1) + 3(2y - 1)] \\
 &= 150(x + 3)(2y - 1) \\
 \text{Dimensi jubin / Dimension of a tile} \quad & \\
 &= (x + 3) \text{ m} \times (2y - 1) \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

(ii) 150 keping jubin / tiles

$$\begin{aligned}
 (e) \quad (80 - 1)(80 + 1) &= 80^2 - 1^2 \\
 &= 6400 - 1 \\
 &= 6399
 \end{aligned}$$

13. (a) $(h + k)(h - k) - (h^2 + k^2)$
 $= h^2 - k^2 - h^2 - k^2$
 $= -2k^2$

(b) $(p + q)^2 + (2p + 3q)(3p - 2q)$
 $= p^2 + 2pq + q^2 + 6p^2 - 4pq + 9pq - 6q^2$
 $= 7p^2 + 7pq - 5q^2$

(c) $\frac{3p + 2q}{p - 2q} - \frac{p - 5q}{p - 2q}$
 $= \frac{3p + 2q - p + 5q}{p - 2q}$

$$= \frac{2p + 7q}{p - 2q}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (d) \quad & \frac{4m - 3n}{2m + 3n} + \frac{3m + 4n}{2m + 3n} \\
 &= \frac{4m - 3n + 3m + 4n}{2m + 3n} \\
 &= \frac{7m + n}{2m + 3n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (e) \quad & \frac{3n}{12m^2} + \frac{5n}{4m^2} \\
 &= \frac{3n}{12m^2} + \frac{5n \times 3}{4m^2 \times 3} \\
 &= \frac{3n + 15n}{12m^2} \\
 &= \frac{18n}{12m^2} \\
 &= \frac{3n}{2m^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (f) \quad & \frac{3h^2}{2k} - \frac{7h^2}{10k} \\
 &= \frac{3h^2 \times 5}{2k \times 5} - \frac{7h^2}{10k} \\
 &= \frac{15h^2 - 7h^2}{10k} \\
 &= \frac{8h^2}{10k} \\
 &= \frac{4h^2}{5k}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (g) \quad & \frac{c}{5d} - \frac{3}{4c} \\
 &= \frac{c \times 4c}{5d \times 4c} - \frac{3 \times 5d}{4c \times 5d} \\
 &= \frac{4c^2 - 15d}{20cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (h) \quad & \frac{1}{7z} + \frac{5}{6z} \\
 &= \frac{1 \times 6}{7z \times 6} + \frac{5 \times 7}{6z \times 7} \\
 &= \frac{6 + 35}{42z} \\
 &= \frac{41}{42z}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (i) \quad & \frac{p}{6q} - \frac{3p}{10qr} \\
 &= \frac{p \times 5r}{6q \times 5r} - \frac{3p \times 3}{10qr \times 3} \\
 &= \frac{5pr - 9p}{30qr}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(j)} \quad & \frac{3}{2mn} + \frac{n}{6m^2} \\
 &= \frac{3 \times 3m}{2mn \times 3m} + \frac{n \times n}{6m^2 \times n} \\
 &= \frac{9m + n^2}{6m^2n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{14. (a)} \quad & \frac{3m}{m^2 - 9} \times \frac{m^2 + m - 6}{6m^2} \\
 &= \frac{\cancel{3m}^1}{(m-3)(m+3)} \times \frac{(m-2)\cancel{(m+3)}^1}{\cancel{6m^2}^{2m}} \\
 &= \frac{(m-2)}{2m(m-3)} \\
 \\
 \text{(b)} \quad & \frac{p^2 + p}{2pq + 4p} \times \frac{q+2}{3p+3} \\
 &= \frac{\cancel{p(p+1)}^1}{\cancel{2p(q+2)}^1} \times \frac{\cancel{q+2}^{-1}}{\cancel{3(p+1)}^1} \\
 &= \frac{1}{6} \\
 \\
 \text{(c)} \quad & \frac{3q-1}{3q-21} \div \frac{q-5}{4q-28} \\
 &= \frac{\cancel{3q-1}^1}{\cancel{3(q-7)}^1} \times \frac{4(\cancel{q-7})^1}{q-5} \\
 &= \frac{4(3q-1)}{3(q-5)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(d)} \quad & \frac{(y+3)^2}{16-x^2} \div \frac{3y+9}{8-2x} \\
 &= \frac{(y+3)^2}{4^2-x^2} \times \frac{8-2x}{3y+9} \\
 &= \frac{(y+3)\cancel{(y+3)}^1}{(4+x)\cancel{(4-x)}^1} \times \frac{2\cancel{(4-x)}^1}{3\cancel{(y+3)}^1} \\
 &= \frac{2(y+3)}{3(4+x)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{15. (a)} \quad & 4(p-q)^2 \times 6(p+q) \div 12(p^2 - q^2) \\
 &= \frac{4(p-q)^2 \times 6(p+q)}{12(p^2 - q^2)} \\
 &= \frac{\cancel{4(p-q)(p-q)}^1 \times \cancel{6(p+q)}^2}{\cancel{12(p-q)(p+q)}^1} \\
 &= 2(p-q)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(b)} \quad & (m^2 + 2m + 1) \div (m^2 - 1) - \frac{2}{m+1} \\
 &= \frac{m^2 + 2m + 1}{m^2 - 1} - \frac{2}{m+1} \\
 &= \frac{m^2 + 2m + 1}{(m+1)(m-1)} - \frac{2(m-1)}{(m+1)(m-1)} \\
 &= \frac{m^2 + 2m + 1 - 2m + 2}{m^2 - 1} \\
 &= \frac{m^2 + 3}{m^2 - 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(c)} \quad & \frac{2px + qx + 2py + qy}{10x + 10y} \div \frac{8p + 4q}{x^2 - y^2} \\
 &= \frac{x(2p+q) + y(2p+q)}{10(x+y)} \times \frac{(x+y)(x-y)}{4(2p+q)} \\
 &= \frac{(x+y)\cancel{(2p+q)}^1}{\cancel{10(x+y)}^1} \times \frac{\cancel{(x+y)}^1(x-y)}{4\cancel{(2p+q)}^1} \\
 &= \frac{(x+y)(x-y)}{40} \\
 &= \frac{x^2 - y^2}{40}
 \end{aligned}$$

Praktis Masteri 2

BAHAGIAN » A

- $$\begin{aligned}
 & -a(2b+7) \\
 &= -a(2b) + (-a)(7) \\
 &= -2ab - 7a
 \end{aligned}$$

Jawapan / Answer: **D**
- $$\begin{aligned}
 & (3-4x)(8y-2z) \\
 &= 3(8y) + 3(-2z) + (-4x)(8y) + (-4x)(-2z) \\
 &= 24y - 6z - 32xy + 8xz \\
 &= -32xy - 6z + 24y + 8xz
 \end{aligned}$$

Jawapan / Answer: **C**
- $$\begin{aligned}
 & (5k+1)^2 - 3(2-4k) \\
 &= 25k^2 + 10k + 1 - 6 + 12k \\
 &= 25k^2 + 22k - 5
 \end{aligned}$$

Jawapan / Answer: **C**

4. $5a^2 + 15a - 50$

$$= 5(a^2 + 3a - 10)$$

$$= 5(a - 2)(a + 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} a \\ \times a \\ \hline a^2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} -2 \\ +5 \\ \hline -10 \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{c} -2a \\ 5a \\ \hline (+) \end{array} \right.$$

Jawapan / Answer: **B**

5. Luas / Area

$$= (3x - 1)(2x + 5)$$

$$= 3x(2x) + 3x(5) + (-1)(2x) + (-1)(5)$$

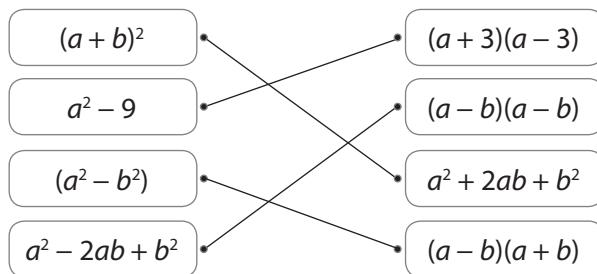
$$= 6x^2 + 15x - 2x - 5$$

$$= 6x^2 + 13x - 5$$

Jawapan / Answer: **C**

BAHAGIAN » B

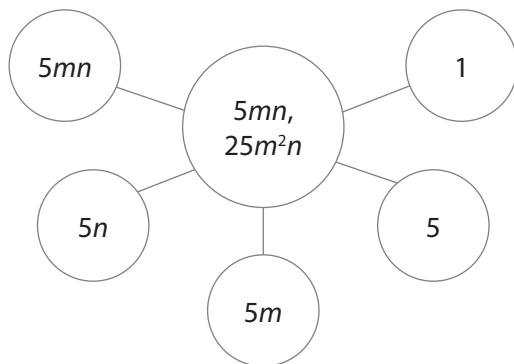
6.



7.

$(p - q)(p + q) = p^2 + q^2$	Betul True	Salah False
$(p + q)(p - q) = p^2 - q^2$	Salah False	Betul True
$p^2 - 2pq + q^2 = (p + q)^2$	Betul True	Salah False
$p^2 + 2pq + q^2 = (p + q)^2$	Betul True	Salah False

8.



BAHAGIAN » C

9. (a) $4a^2 - 4a - 48$

$$= 4(a^2 - a - 12)$$

$$= 4(a - 4)(a + 3)$$

(b) (i) $36 - 4g^2$

$$= 6^2 - (2g)^2$$

$$= (6 + 2g)(6 - 2g)$$

(ii) $35ts - 14tr - 15ts + 6tr$

$$= 7t(5s - 2r) - 3t(5s - 2r)$$

$$= (5s - 2r)(7t - 3t)$$

$$= 4t(5s - 2r)$$

(c) $\frac{(m - 3)}{3m} - \frac{(n - 5)}{7n}$

$$= \frac{(m - 3) \times 7n}{3m \times 7n} - \frac{(n - 5) \times 3m}{7n \times 3m}$$

$$= \frac{7mn - 21n}{21mn} - \frac{3mn - 15m}{21mn}$$

$$= \frac{7mn - 21n - 3mn + 15m}{21mn}$$

$$= \frac{4mn - 21n + 15m}{21mn}$$

10. (a) (i) $\left(m + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 - \frac{3}{5}m$

$$= \left(m + \frac{1}{3}\right)\left(m + \frac{1}{3}\right) - \frac{3}{5}m$$

$$= m^2 + \frac{2}{3}m + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{3}{5}m$$

$$= m^2 + \frac{1}{15}m + \frac{1}{9}$$

(ii) $\frac{5k^2 + 20k + 20}{k^2 - 4} \div \frac{(k + 2)^2}{2(k - 2)}$

$$= \frac{5(k^2 + 4k + 4)}{(k + 2)(k - 2)} \times \frac{2(k - 2)}{(k + 2)(k + 2)}$$

$$= \frac{5(k + 2)(k + 2)}{(k + 2)(k - 2)} \times \frac{2(k - 2)}{(k + 2)(k + 2)}$$

$$= \frac{5}{1} \times \frac{2}{k + 2}$$

$$= \frac{10}{k + 2}$$

(b) $(3 - p)(7 + p)$

$$= 21 + 3p - 7p - p^2$$

$$= 21 - 4p - p^2$$

(c) Harga ketuhar (RM)

Price of the oven (RM)

$$= \frac{4}{2h - 1} \times (4h^2 - 1)$$

$$= \frac{4}{2h - 1} \times (2h - 1)(2h + 1)$$

$$= 4(2h + 1)$$

Harga periuk nasi (RM)

Price of rice cooker (RM)

$$= \frac{h + 1}{4} \times 4(2h + 1)$$

$$= (h + 1)(2h + 1)$$

$$= 2h^2 + 3h + 1$$



Fokus KBAT

(a) Luas ladang lembu/ *Area of the cow farm*

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \text{Luas } ABCD - \text{Luas } AFE - \text{Luas } CDE \\
 &\quad \text{Area of } ABCD - \text{Area of } AFE - \text{Area of } CDE \\
 &= (56 \times 48) - \left[\frac{1}{2} \times 2x \times (48 - 2x) \right] - \left[\frac{1}{2} \times 48 \times (56 - 2x) \right] \\
 &= 2688 - x(48 - 2x) - 24(56 - 2x) \\
 &= 2688 - 48x + 2x^2 - 1344 + 48x \\
 &= (2x^2 + 1344) \text{ m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) $EC^2 = ED^2 + DC^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 EC &= \sqrt{(56 - 2x)^2 + 48^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{3136 - 224x + 4x^2 + 2304} \\
 &= \sqrt{4x^2 - 224x + 5440} \\
 &= \sqrt{4(x^2 - 56x + 1360)} \\
 &= (2\sqrt{x^2 - 56x + 1360}) \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

(c) Perimeter $ABCD$ / *Perimeter of $ABCD$*

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2(56) + 2(48) \\
 &= 208 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Bilangan pagar yang diperlukan

Number of fences needed

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{208}{\left(\frac{6}{5y} + \frac{1}{2y} \right)} \\
 &= \frac{208}{\left(\frac{6 \times 2}{5y \times 2} + \frac{1 \times 5}{2y \times 5} \right)} \\
 &= \frac{208}{\left(\frac{17}{10y} \right)} \\
 &= 208 \times \frac{10y}{17} \\
 &= 122\frac{6}{17}y
 \end{aligned}$$